## From Concepts to Frameworks Methods and Tools

**Experiences Of Application** 

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#### THE PRESENTATION

- From concepts to performance based tools: challenges, opportunities and issues.
- An Inventory of Tools and Instruments for Gender and Poverty analysis and Action:
   Citing Experiences of Use
- Optimizing Results of application

### Global Gender Workshop October 1997 at IRC, The Hague: Conclusions

- Many countries have gender policies, but...
- Gender approaches are operationalized mainly in small projects; skepticism about their use on large scale
- Little empirical data that gender is important to improving project effectiveness, and policy makers and program managers are not convinced that a gender perspective matters
- Existing gender analysis tools are "add-ons," just one of many requirements for project approval
- Institutional factors are still main obstacle to mainstreaming gender

#### INVENTORY OF TOOLS

#### A. Conventional Gender Analysis Tools

- Pioneering Research by Ester Boserup on Relevance of Women's Work in Agriculture
- Barbara Rogers Revealed Bias to Women's Work in International & Bi-lateral Development Agencies
- Sector Specific Gender Analysis Tools in Agriculture and Water and Sanitation

## THE GENDER ANALYSIS FRAMEWORKS & Tools





- Moser (1993): Reproductive/productive work, practical/strategic benefits, community management, gender policies.
- Jahan (1995), Levy (1996): Institutional factors
- CIDA (n.d.): Handbook for Social/Gender Analysis
- Sector Specific Tool Kits and Checklists from ADB & WB

## **B.**Planning and Management Tools for mainstreaming

- Good Old LFA
  - National Leprosy Eradication Program, India
- Management Information Systems (MIS)
  - RWSS Fund Board, Nepal
- Periodic Reviews & appropriate action
  - Hand pump Training Program, Bangladesh
- Funnel Studies
  - Kerala Dutch Assisted RWSS
- Process Monitoring
  - Community Infrastructure Project, Pakistan

#### **C.Social Assessment Tools**

- Baseline Surveys
- Methodology for Participatory Assessments (MPA)
  - 18 Learning Assessments Globally
  - Developed Gender & Poverty Sensitive
     Indicators to Measure Sustainability
- Social Assessments Methods Several Frameworks and Guidelines Available

#### **C.Social Assessment Tools**

- Community Based Planning and Monitoring Tools (PRA)
  - ADB III and IV RWSS projects, Nepal
  - Unique in that it is institutionalized from start
- Participatory Poverty Assessments
  - Recent work on voices of the poor for WB Development Report
- Social Audits of Performance
  - WSSPLIC, Indonesia

#### **D. Policy Instruments**

- Country Operational Strategy
- Strategy Documents on Gender and Poverty
  - Bank Policy on Gender and Development
  - Bank Poverty Reduction Strategy
- Borrower Sector Policy Documents, India
- Economic Reforms to Reduce Disparity in Assets
- Analysis of Gender equity in Public Expenditure
  - Bangladesh Female Secondary School Scholarship Program
- Land Regulations (titling)

## **E.** Bank Loan Processing and **Supervision Instruments**

- ISA in PPTA Fact Finding
- SA in PPTA Feasibility Study
- RRP & Loan Agreement
- Implementation Plans, Processes and Structures
- Benefit Monitoring and Evaluation
  - Schizchuan Agricultural Project
- Audits of Performance

## WHAT CAN THESE TOOLS POTENTIALLY DO ?

- Facilitate Systematic Analysis of gender and Poverty related Factors and Issues
- Allow for Targeting of disadvantaged Groups among target Populations
- Voice and Choice for the Poor, Particularly Women
- Allow for Equitable Sharing of Burdens and Benefits of development Assistance

## WHAT CAN THESE TOOLS POTENTIALLY DO? (Cont.)

- Participation with Empowerment
- Monitor poverty and gender impact
- Build Capacity Among cooperating Agencies, Implementing staff from Government, NGOs, CBOs and Communities at Large
- Improve Project Design and Efficiency of Implementation and thereby project/program outcomes.

#### WHAT WORKS

- Best Results Achieved by Using a Combination of Tools
- There is no one tool to ensure that gender and poverty issues are identified and addressed
- a Combination of Gender Specific Tools with Mainstream Management Tools Work Best

# THE FOUR C'S FOR RESULTS IN USING THE METHODS TOOLS & INSTRUMENTS

Commitment by Borrower and Bank: What are the Incentives to Modify Development Paradigms and practices.

Capacity at all levels to use the Tools

Consistency in Application of Tools and Use of the Outcomes

✓ Cash- \$\$\$